Advertorial

## ASK THE EXPERT





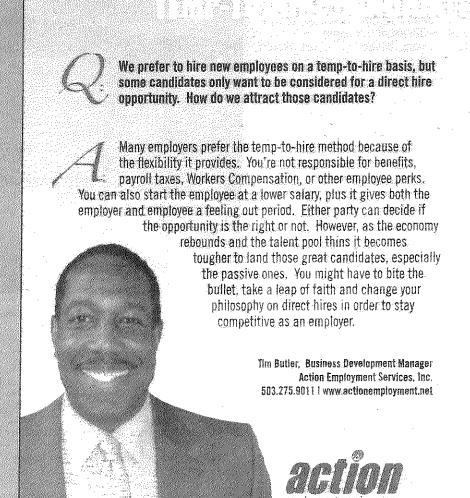
I need to develop new accounts but don't want to make people feel uncomfortable. How can't close new business without becoming too pushy?

There is a big difference between being assertive and aggressive in your sales approach. You can be highly assertive with a client without becoming aggressive by respecting their right to say "no" and by gaining their permission for each step forward in the selling process. You may want to start the conversation with an "Upfront Contract" in which you clearly signal the purpose for the meeting and your agenda. Then ask them for their agenda and how much time they have for this meeting. Finally, you can suggest the decision you would like for them to make at the end of the meeting. This decision might not be to sign an agreement or give you their credit card. It might just be to agree to take next logical step in the sales process. Ask them if they are comfortable making that sort

of decision today. If they are not, help them determine a decision that they are comfortable making today (even if the decision is simply to agree to speak with you again). But always ask them to make some decision at the end of each meeting (even if the decision is to disqualify).

Jeff Schneider Sandler Training 971.227.3266 www.schneider.sandler.com

Sandler Training





## Why should I consider qualitative research when I already have quantitative research?

Qualitative research methods are used in social science and market research practices. They're a way to look at human behaviors to discover why people may be struggling at a particular point of an experience. Qualitative studies combined with conventional research helps us understand "why" people react a particular way. Qualitative data shows specific items that need improvements, and sheds light on "what" needs to occur to improve a customer experience. Typically, quantitative data (such as a survey) can show where a problem is, but may not capture data that informs what should be done about it. Qualitative research normally requires only small numbers of test subjects to yield data to improve a product, service, or marketing endeavor. Example: If a situation arose with a friend, would you feel comfortable helping them make a decision based solely on a multiple choice questionnaire? Probably not: you'd likely have a conversation following up on items you didn't understand. Why should a business decision

be any different? With qualitative research, because of the small sample size of participants, costs can be kept down; hence, a great ROI can often be achieved.

Damon Sullivan
CEO, Thug Interactive
damon.sullivan@thuginteractive.com
Member, Entrepreneurs' Organization — Portland



Entrepreneurs' Organization

Portland

EO is a global community that enriches members. Twes through peer-topeer learning, once-in-a lifetime experiences and connections to experts. For membership normalities inquiries, confact Kent Lewis, seed-Bawelinedianc com. For more information visit www.enportland.org



Q

Is an employer required to pay its employees for time spent traveling? What if the employee is driving a company car?

Generally, an employer is not required to pay an employee for regular travel from home-to-work or work-to-home, regardless of whether the employee travels in a company car. However, an employer is required to pay for travel that is part of the employee's principal work activities. For example, if an employee must report to a meeting place to receive instruction or pick up equipment,

compensable time begins when the employee reports. Subsequent travel to different job sites is hours worked. That is the case whether the employee drives his/her own car or a company car.

Adam S. Collier Bullard Law acollier@bullardlaw.com 503.248.1134 I www.bullardlaw.com



BULLARD LAW